

Supplementary material

Figure S1. Distribution of DiI-labeled WT- and AD-B-EVs in the brain, heart, liver, spleen, lung, and kidney by ICV or intravenous injection. (A) Representative fluorescence images and (B) quantification of mean intensity of sections of brain, heart, liver, spleen, lung, and kidney sections from mice intracerebroventricularly injected with vehicle or DiI-labeled WT- and AD-B-EVs for 24 h. Scale bar: 50 μ m. n = 3 per group. The data are shown as the mean \pm SD. For panel (B): one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc correction.

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Figure S2. The expression of genes related to osteogenesis and adipogenesis in BMSCs treated with AD-B-EVs. (A-C) qRT-PCR analysis of the genes related to osteogenesis (*Colla1*, *Sp7*, and *Runx2*). (D, E) qRT-PCR analysis of the genes related to adipogenesis (*Cfd* and *Fabp4*). n = 3 per group. The data are shown as the mean \pm SD. For all dot plots: one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc correction. ****p < 0.0001.



Figure S3. The effects of AD-B-EVs on osteoclast activity *in vivo*. (A-C) Quantitative μ CT analysis in mice treated with vehicle, WT-B-EVs, or AD-B-EVs. Endosteal perimeter (Es. Pm), periosteal perimeter (Ps. Pm), and cortical thickness (Ct. Th). n = 10 per group. The data are shown as the mean \pm SD. For all dot plots: one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc correction.



Figure S4. The expression of miR-34c-5p and miR-141-3p in mouse brain, B-EVs, and human P-EVs. (A-C) qRT–PCR analysis of miR-34c-5p expression in mouse brain, B-EVs, and human plasma EVs. n = 5 per group for mouse brain and B-EVs; n = 20 per group for human plasma EVs. (D-F) Relative expression of miR-141-3p in mouse brain, B-EVs, and human plasma EVs. n = 5 per group for mouse brain and B-EVs; n = 20 per group for human plasma EVs. n = 5 per group for mouse brain and B-EVs; For all dot plots: unpaired, two-tailed Student's *t*-test.



Figure S5. The expression of tau and A β proteins in WT-B-EVs or AD-B-EVs. (A) Western blot images and (B, C) relative quantification of total tau (T-tau) and A β proteins in WT-B-EVs or AD-B-EVs. n= 3 per group. The data are shown as the mean \pm SD. For all dot plots: unpaired, two-tailed Student's *t*-test. **p < 0.01.

• Vehicle • AD-B-EVs + AntagomiR-NC • AD-B-EVs + AntagomiR-483-5p



Figure S6. The expression of the genes related to osteogenesis and adipogenesis in BMSCs with different treatments. (A, B) qRT-PCR analysis of the genes related to osteogenesis (*Ocn* and *Alpl*) in BMSCs treated with vehicle, AD-B-EVs + AntagomiR-NC, and AD-B-EVs + AntagomiR-483-5p. n = 3 per group. (C, D) qRT-PCR analysis of the genes related to adipogenesis (*Cebpa* and *Pparg*). n = 3 per group. The data are shown as the mean \pm SD. For all dot plots: one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc correction. *p < 0.05, **p < 0.01, ***p < 0.001.



Figure S7. The effects of AD-B-EVs pretreated with antagomiR-483-5p on osteoclast activity *in vivo*. (A-C) Quantitative μ CT analysis in mice treated with vehicle, AD-B-EVs + AntagomiR-NC, or AD-B-EVs + AntagomiR-483-5p: Es. Pm, Ps. Pm, and Ct. Th. n = 10 per group. The data are shown as the mean \pm SD. For all dot plots: one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc correction.