Supplementary Material

Apigenin targets fetuin-A to ameliorate obesity-induced insulin resistance

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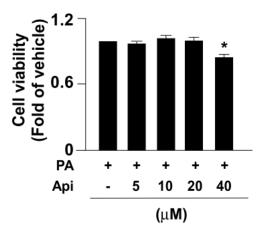


Figure S1. Effect of apigenin on the cell viability of Huh7 cells. Huh7 cells were pretreated with PA for 6 h and then incubated with the indicated concentrations of apigenin (Api) (0, 5, 10, 20, and 40 μ M) for an additional 12 h. The cell viability was determined by MTT assay. Data from 5 independent experiments are expressed as mean \pm standard error of the mean (SEM). **p* < 0.05 vs. the PA alone group.

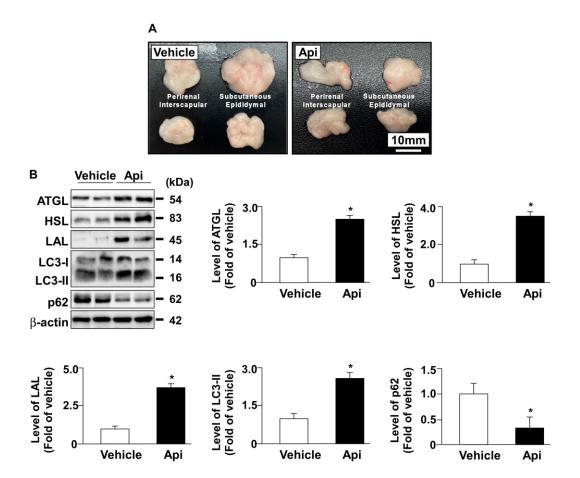


Figure S2. Apigenin induces lipolysis and lipophagy in WAT of HFD-fed mice. Eight-week-old C57BL/6 mice were fed with HFD and orally treated daily with apigenin (Api, 20 mg/kg) or vehicle (oil) for 12 weeks. (A) The images of white adipose tissue (WAT) (B) Western blot analysis of adipose triglyceride lipase (ATGL), hormone-sensitive lipase (HSL), lysosomal acid lipase (LAL), LC3, p62 and β -actin in WAT. Data are expressed as mean ± standard error of the mean (SEM) from 7 mice. *p < 0.05 vs. the vehicle group.

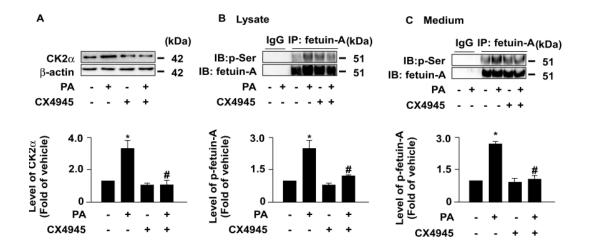


Figure S3. CX4945 inhibits casein kinase 2α (CK2 α)-mediated fetuin-A phosphorylation in Huh7 cells. Huh7 cells were pretreated with PA (300 μ M) for 6 h, and then incubated with CX4945 (5 μ M) for 12 h. (A) Western blot analysis of CK2 α and β -actin. (B and C) Cellular lysates or cultured medium were immunoprecipitated (IP) with an anti-fetuin-A antibody and immunoblotting (IB) was performed with an anti-phosphor (p-Ser) antibody. IgG was used as a control for the fetuin-A antibody. Data are expressed as mean \pm standard error of the mean (SEM) from 5 independent experiments. *p < 0.05 vs. the vehicle group. #p < 0.05 vs. the PA alone group.