Supplementary Figure and Figure legend



Figure S1. Sevoflurane led to the activation of the NLRP3 inflammasome in microglia at different times.

A-F BV2 cells were treated with 1 mM Sevoflurane for 3, 6, and 12 h, and the pro-IL-1 β , NLRP3, IL-1 β p17, pro-Caspase1, and Caspase1 p20 levels were measured by Western Blot (*n*=3). G-L BV2 cells were treated with 1 mM Sevoflurane for 24, 48, and 72 h. The protein expression of NLRP3, pro-IL-1 β , IL-1 β p17, pro-Caspase1, and Caspase1 p20 were detected by western blot (*n*=3). Data are expressed as the Mean ± SD. Differences among multiple groups were performed using ANOVA. **P* < 0.05, ***P* < 0.01, and ****P* < 0.001.



Figure S2. Inhibition of cGAS reduces cognitive impairment in POCD mice. A The Open Field Test was conducted to assess the residence time in the central area (n=8). B-C The Elevated Plus Maze was conducted to assess the ratio of time spent in the open arm and the ratio of times entering the open arm (n=8). Data are expressed as the Mean ± SD. Differences among multiple groups were performed using ANOVA. *P < 0.05, **P < 0.01, and ***P < 0.001.



Figure S3. Inhibition of NLRP3 inflammasome has no effect on sevoflurane-induced cGAS-STING

pathway activation in microglia. A-H BV2 cells were treated with 1 mM sevoflurane for 12 h after 10 µM

MCC950 intervention for 30 min. The protein expression of cGAS, STING, p-TBK1^{Ser172}, p-IRF3^{Ser396}, NLRP3, pro-IL-1 β , and IL-1 β p17 levels were measured by Western Blot (*n*=3). Data are expressed as the Mean ± SD. Differences among multiple groups were performed using ANOVA. **P* < 0.05, ***P* < 0.01, and ****P* < 0.001.



Figure S4. Inhibition of STING suppresses the sevoflurane-induced NLRP3 inflammasome activation in microglia. A-G BV2 cells were treated with 1 mM sevoflurane for 12 h after 5 μ M H151 intervention for 30 min. The protein expression of NLRP3, STING, p-TBK1^{Ser172}, p-IRF3^{Ser396}, pro-IL-1 β , and IL-1 β p17 levels were measured by Western Blot (*n*=3). Data are expressed as the Mean ± SD. Differences among multiple groups were performed using ANOVA. **P* < 0.05, ***P* < 0.01, and ****P* < 0.001.



Figure S5. Inhibition of cGAS-STING pathways suppresses the sevoflurane-induced NLRP3 inflammasome activation in microglia. A-D BV2 cells were treated with 1 mM sevoflurane for 12 h after 5 μ M H151 intervention for 30 min. The fluorescence intensity of NLRP3, ASC, and pro-Caspase1 were measured by immunofluorescence (*n*=3, bar=25 μ m). Data are expressed as the Mean ± SD. Differences among multiple groups were performed using ANOVA. ****P* < 0.001.



Figure S6. RU.521 inhibits the activation of cGAS-STING pathway downstream genes in POCD mice. A-G *Il-1* β , *ASC*, *Caspase1*, *Ifn* β , *Cxcl10*, *Ccl5*, and *Cxcl10* mRNA expression in the hippocampus were detected by real-time PCR (*n*=6). Data are expressed as the Mean ± SD. Differences among multiple groups were performed using ANOVA. **P* < 0.05, ***P* < 0.01, and ****P* < 0.001.