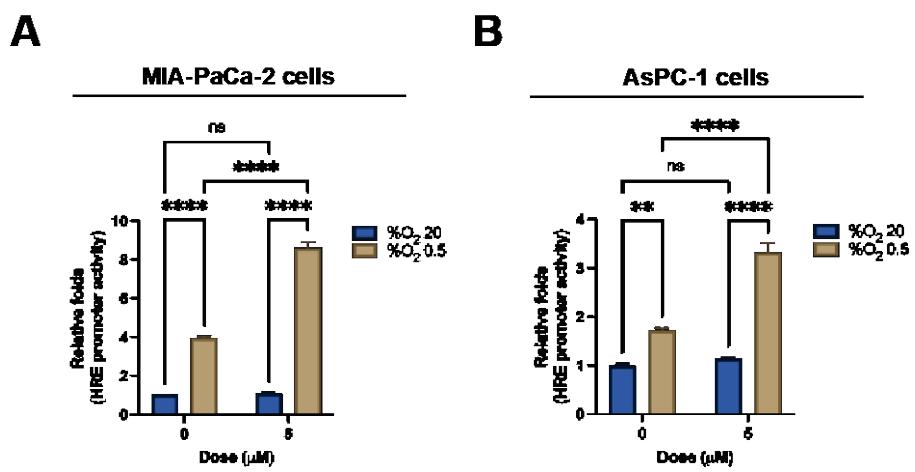


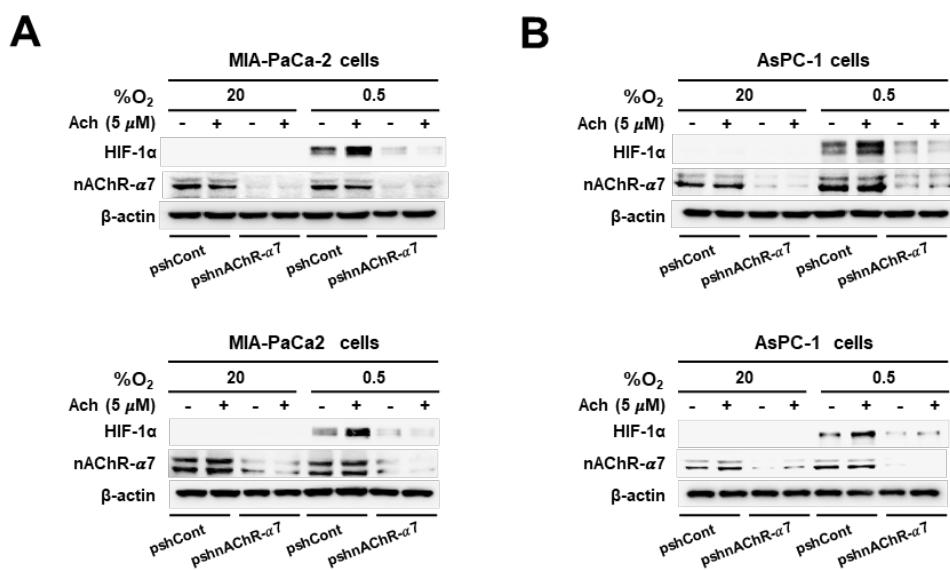
# **Acetylcholine enhances HIF-1 $\alpha$ signaling in pancreatic cancer cells under hypoxia through the nAChR- $\alpha$ 7/PDPK1/YAP pathway**

**Cho et al.,**

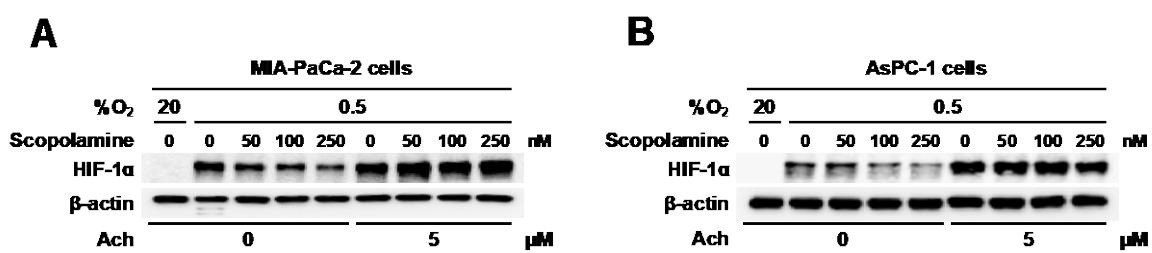
## **Supplementary Figures**



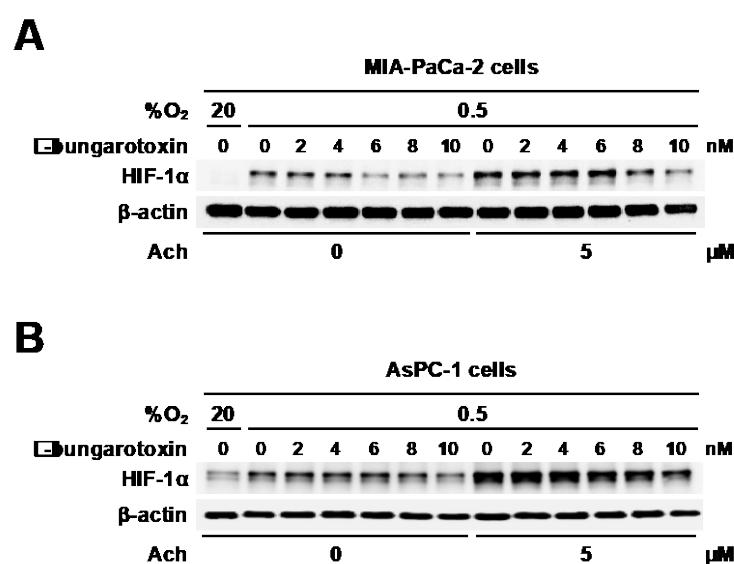
**Supplementary Figure S1.** Acetylcholine enhances the expression of HIF-1 $\alpha$  target genes in pancreatic cancer cells under hypoxia. **(A-B)** MIA-PaCa-2 **(A)** and AsPC-1 **(B)** cells were co-transfected with p3 $\times$ HRE-*luc* and pRL-*luc* and incubated with or without 5  $\mu\text{M}$  acetylcholine for 1 h. Cells were subsequently exposed to 20% or 5% O<sub>2</sub> for 24 h. Luciferase activity in whole-cell lysates was normalized to that of *Renilla* luciferase. Data are presented as means  $\pm$  SEM (\*\* $P$  < 0.01, \*\*\*\* $P$  < 0.0001; ANOVA). Ns indicates no significance.



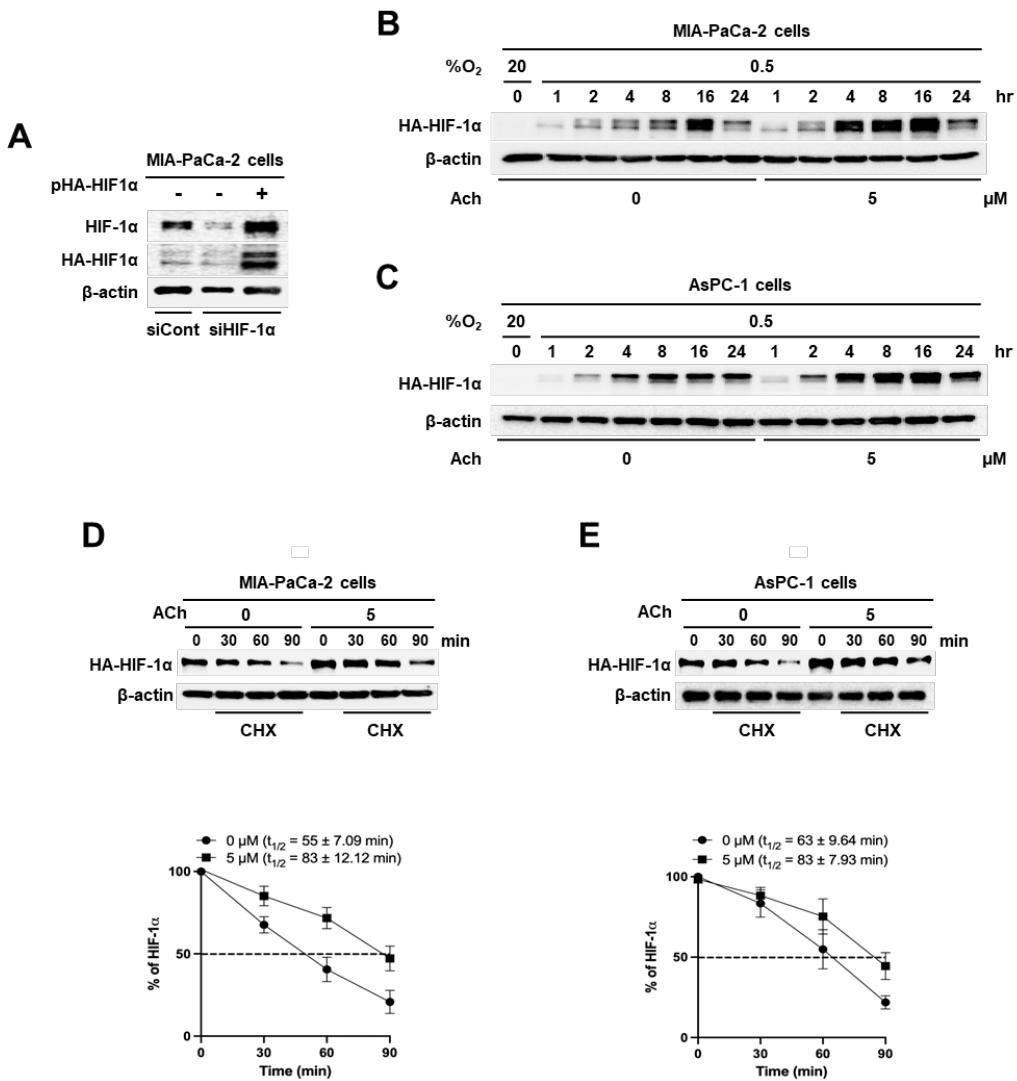
**Supplementary Figure S2.** Acetylcholine enhances HIF-1 $\alpha$  expression via nAChR- $\alpha$ 7 in pancreatic cancer cells under hypoxia. **(A-B)** pshCont- or pshnAChR- $\alpha$ 7-transfected MIA-PaCa-2 **(A)** and AsPC-1 **(B)** cells were treated with 5  $\mu$ M acetylcholine or left untreated for 1 h, exposed to 20% or 0.5% O<sub>2</sub> for 24 h, and harvested. The indicated proteins in whole-cell lysates were analyzed by immunoblotting.



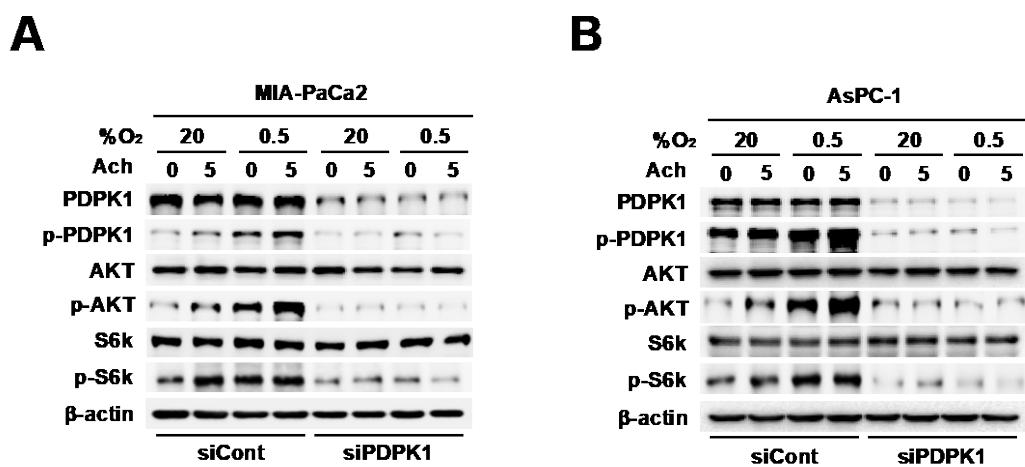
**Supplementary Figure S3.** Effects of scopolamine on acetylcholine-mediated enhancement of HIF-1 $\alpha$  expression in pancreatic cancer cells under hypoxia. **(A-B)** MIA-PaCa-2 **(A)** and AsPC-1 **(B)** cells were treated with a range of concentrations of scopolamine (0–250 nM) for 1 h, followed by 5  $\mu$ M acetylcholine for 1 h, and exposed to 20% or 0.5% O<sub>2</sub>. After a 24 h incubation period, cells were harvested and whole-cell lysates analyzed via immunoblotting for the indicated proteins.



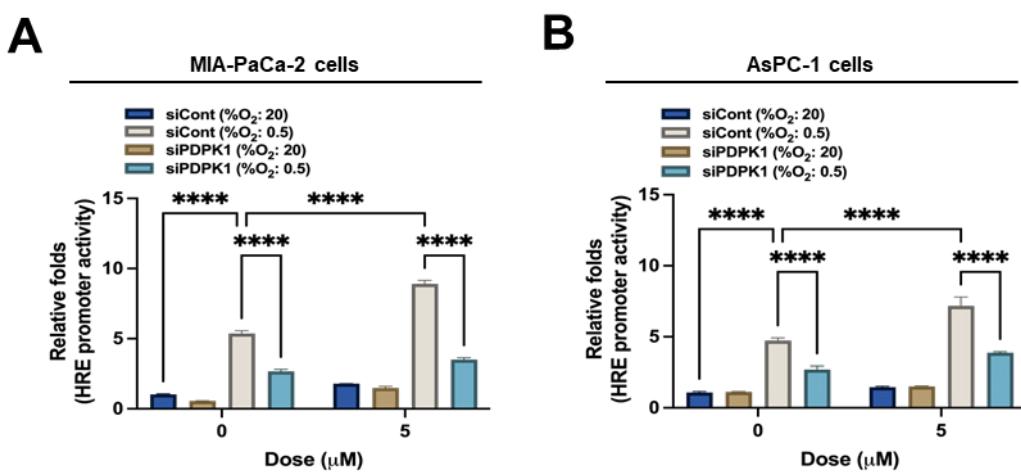
**Supplementary Figure S4.** Effect of  $\alpha$ -bungarotoxin on acetylcholine-mediated enhancement of HIF-1 $\alpha$  expression in pancreatic cancer cells under hypoxia. **(A-B)** MIA-PaCa-2 **(A)** and AsPC-1 **(B)** cells were treated with different concentrations of  $\alpha$ -bungarotoxin (0–10  $\mu$ M) for 1 h, followed by 5  $\mu$ M acetylcholine for 1 h, and exposed to 20% or 0.5% O<sub>2</sub>. After a 24 h incubation period, cells were harvested, and the indicated proteins analyzed via immunoblotting in whole-cell lysates.



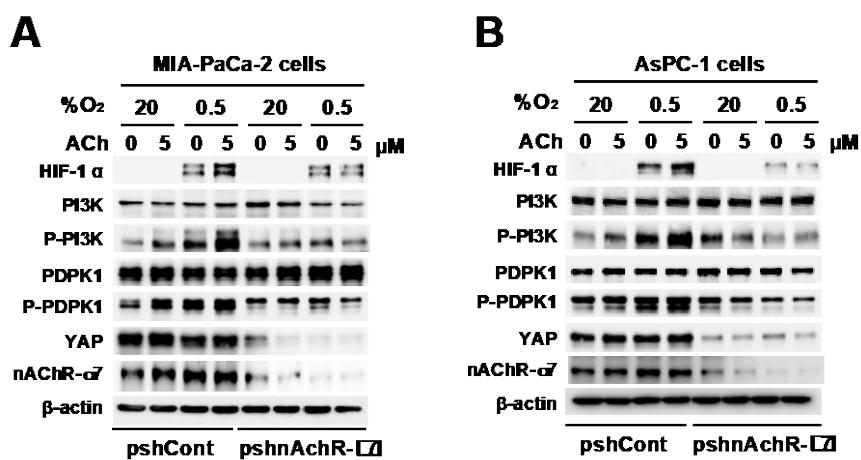
**Supplementary Figure S5.** Acetylcholine increases HIF-1 $\alpha$  protein stability in pancreatic cancer cells under hypoxia. **(A)** MIA-PaCa-2 cells were transfected with siCont, siHIF-1 $\alpha$ , or siHIF-1 $\alpha$  along with pHA-HIF-1 $\alpha$  for 24 h and subsequently exposed to 0.5% O<sub>2</sub>. After a 24 h incubation, cells were harvested. HIF-1 $\alpha$  protein levels were examined via immunoblot analysis using  $\beta$ -actin as an internal control. **(B-C)** MIA-PaCa-2 **(B)** and AsPC-1 **(C)** cells were transfected with siHIF-1 $\alpha$  and pHA-HIF-1 $\alpha$  for 24 h, treated with or without 5  $\mu$ M acetylcholine, and exposed to normoxia (20% O<sub>2</sub>) or hypoxia (0.5% O<sub>2</sub>) for the indicated times. Following harvest of cells at the indicated times, the HA-HIF-1 $\alpha$  expression and  $\beta$ -actin was analyzed using immunoblot analysis. **(D-E)** MIA-PaCa-2 **(D)** and AsPC-1 **(E)** cells were transfected with siHIF-1 $\alpha$  and pHA-HIF-1 $\alpha$  for 24 h, treated with or without 5  $\mu$ M acetylcholine for 1 h, and exposed to hypoxia (0.5% O<sub>2</sub>) for 16 h. Then the cells were treated with 10  $\mu$ g/mL CHX or left untreated and harvested at the indicated times. HIF-1 $\alpha$  protein levels were examined via immunoblot analysis using  $\beta$ -actin as an internal control. Upper panel: Representative images of immunoblot analysis. Lower panel: HIF-1 $\alpha$  protein levels were quantified using Image J and band intensities normalized to that of  $\beta$ -actin (the band intensity at  $t_0$  is defined as 100%).



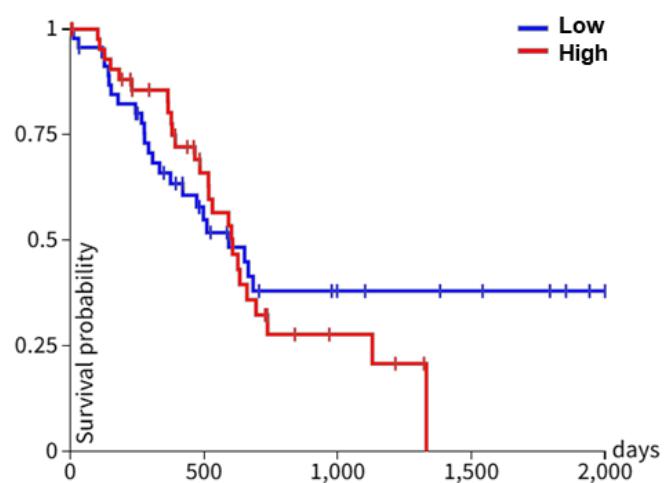
**Supplementary Figure S6.** Acetylcholine enhances activation of PDPK1 and its target proteins in pancreatic cancer cells under hypoxia. **(A-B)** siCont- or siPDPK1-transfected MIA-PaCa-2 **(A)** and AsPC-1 **(B)** cells were treated with or without 5  $\mu$ M acetylcholine for 1 h and exposed to 20% or 0.5% O<sub>2</sub>. After a 24 h incubation period, cells were harvested, and the indicated proteins analyzed in whole-cell lysates via immunoblotting.



**Supplementary Figure S7.** Acetylcholine enhances HIF-1 $\alpha$  signaling pathway through regulating PDPK1 activation in pancreatic cancer cells under hypoxia. **(A-B)** siCont- or siPDPK1-transfected MIA-PaCa-2 **(A)** and AsPC-1 **(B)** cells were co-transfected with p3 $\times$ HRE-*luc* and pRL-*luc*, followed by treatment with or without 5  $\mu$ M acetylcholine for 1 h. Cells were subsequently exposed to 20% or 5% O<sub>2</sub> for 24 h. Luciferase activity measured in whole-cell lysates was normalized to that of *Renilla* luciferase. Data are presented as means  $\pm$  SEM (\*\*\*\* $P$  < 0.0001; ANOVA).



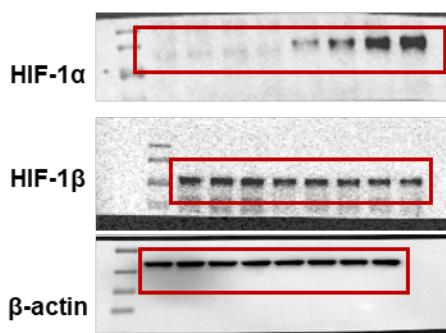
**Supplementary Figure S8.** Acetylcholine enhances HIF-1 $\alpha$  signaling pathway through regulating nAChR- $\alpha$ 7/PI3K/PDPK1/YAP signaling pathway in pancreatic cancer cells under hypoxia. **(A-B)** pshCont- or pshnAChR- $\alpha$ 7-transfected MIA-PaCa-2 **(A)** and AsPC-1 **(B)** cells were treated with or without 5  $\mu$ M acetylcholine for 1 h and exposed to 20% or 0.5% O<sub>2</sub>. After a 24 h incubation period, cells were harvested and the indicated proteins analyzed in whole-cell lysates via immunoblotting.



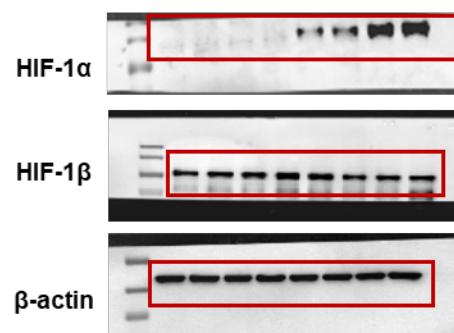
**Supplementary Figure S9.** Kaplan-Meier overall survival of TCGA-PAAD patients stratified by CHRNA7 mRNA expression (log-rank  $p = 0.7022$ ;  $n = 91$ ).

**Supplementary Figure S10.**

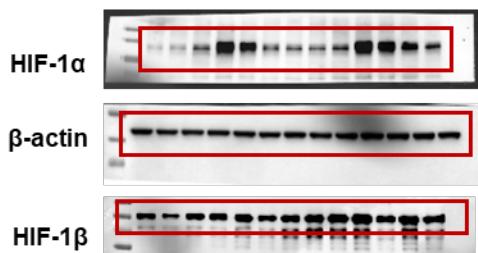
**Related to Figure 1A**



**Related to Figure 1B**



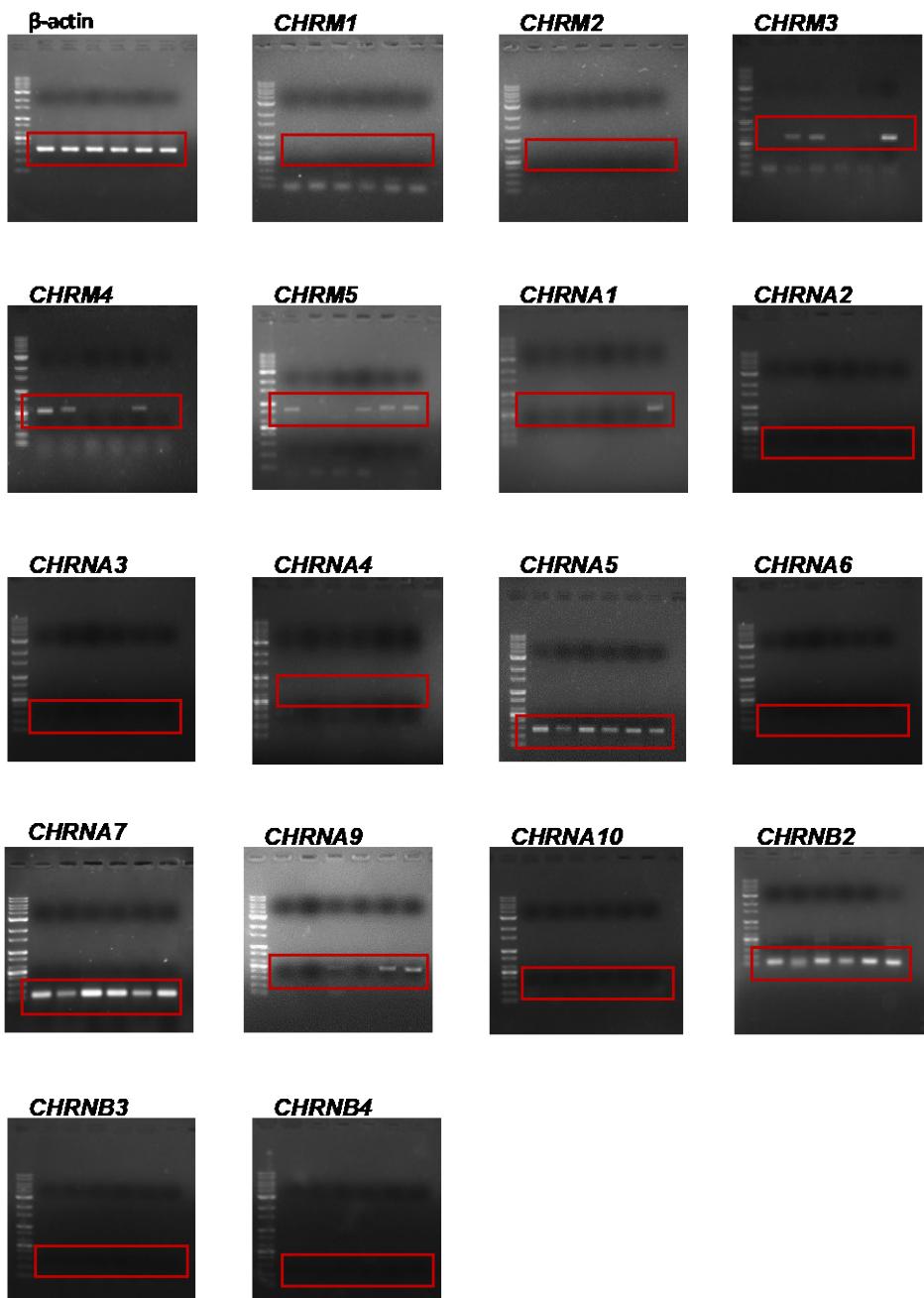
**Related to Figure 1C**



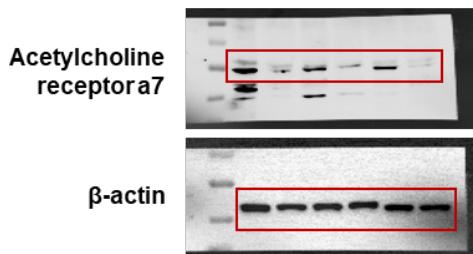
**Related to Figure 1D**



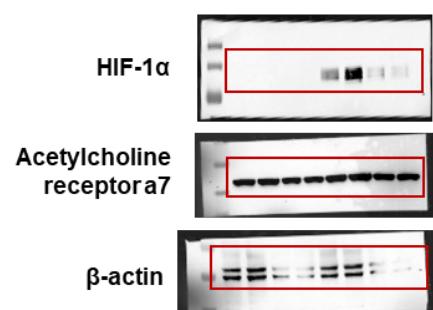
## Related to Figure 2A



**Related to Figure 2B**



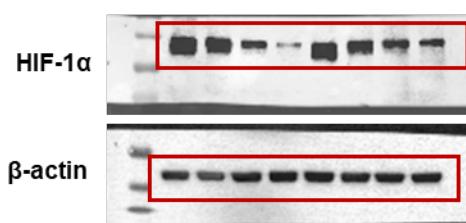
**Related to Figure 2C**



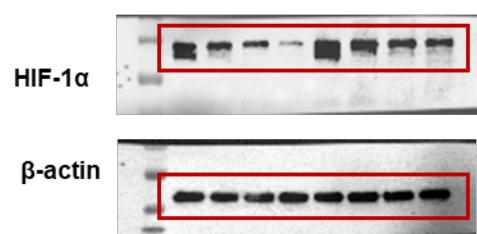
**Related to Figure 2D**



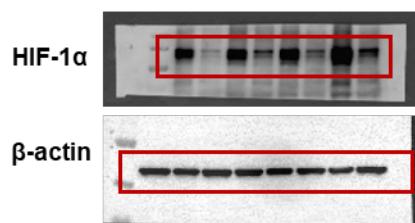
**Related to Figure 3E**



**Related to Figure 3F**



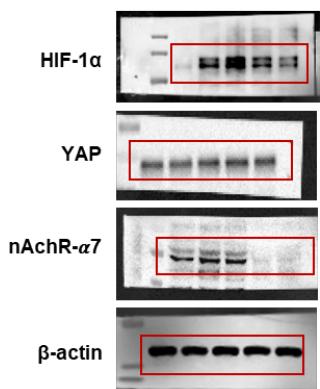
**Related to Figure 3G**



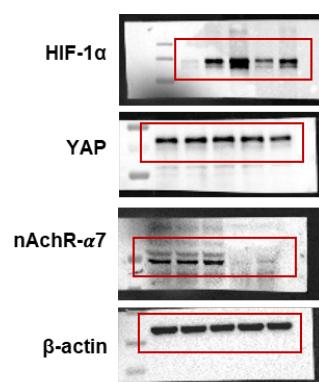
**Related to Figure 3H**



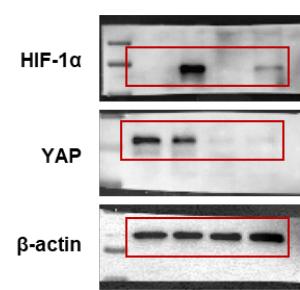
**Related to Figure 4A**



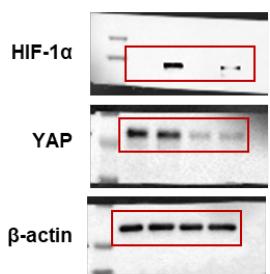
**Related to Figure 4B**



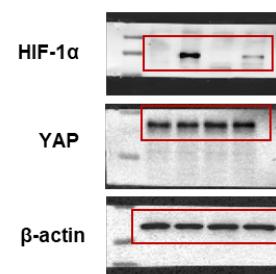
**Related to Figure 4C**



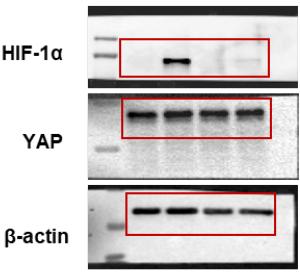
**Related to Figure 4D**



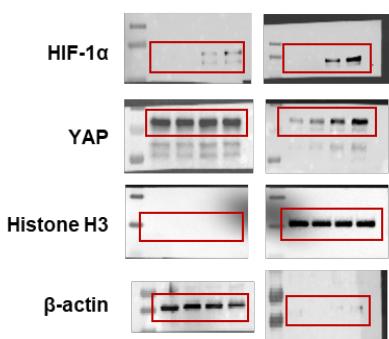
**Related to Figure 4E**



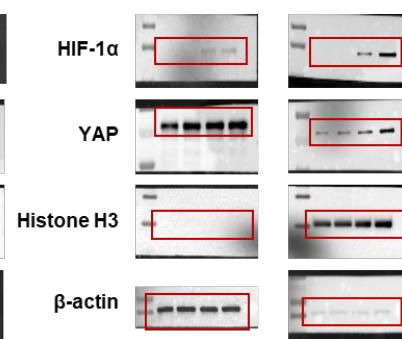
**Related to Figure 4F**



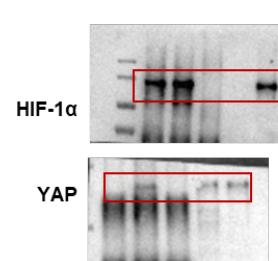
**Related to Figure 4G**



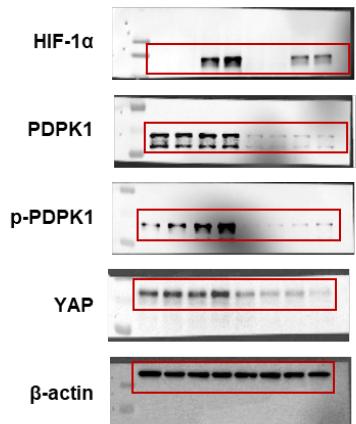
**Related to Figure 4H**



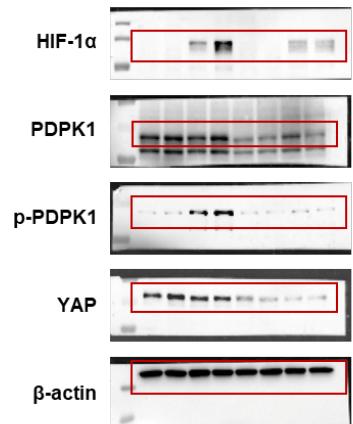
**Related to Figure 4I**



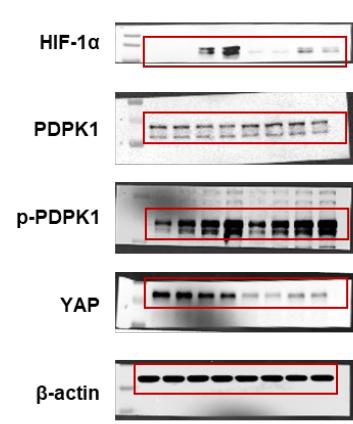
**Related to Figure 5A**



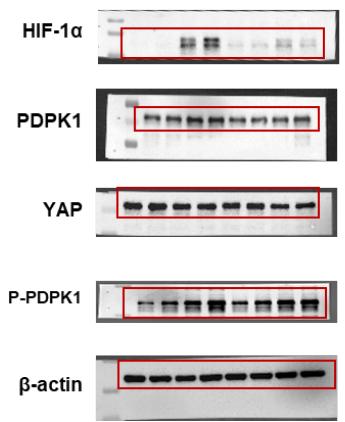
**Related to Figure 5B**



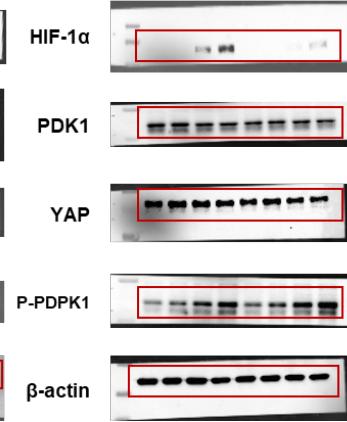
**Related to Figure 5E**



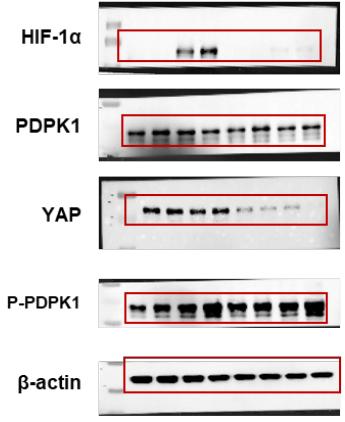
**Related to Figure 5C**



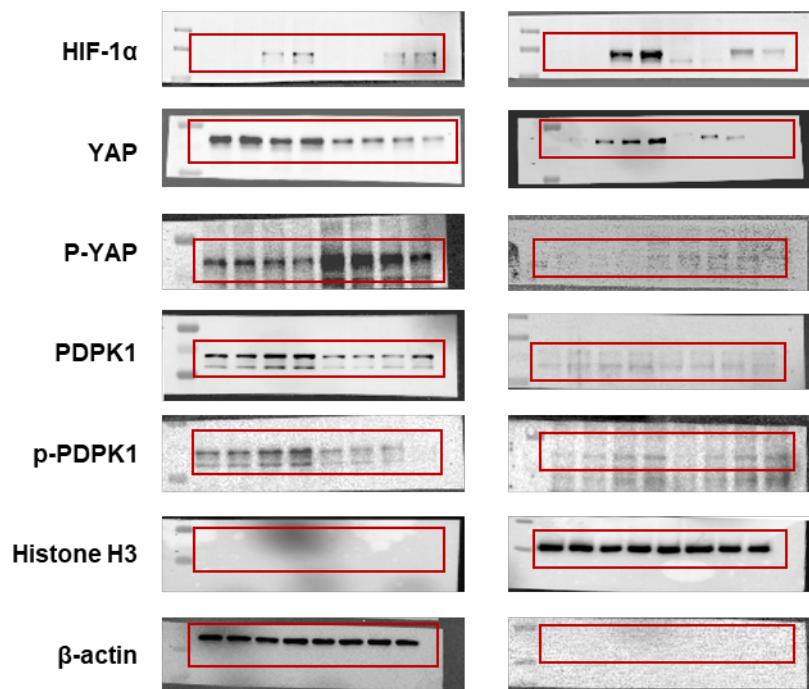
**Related to Figure 5D**



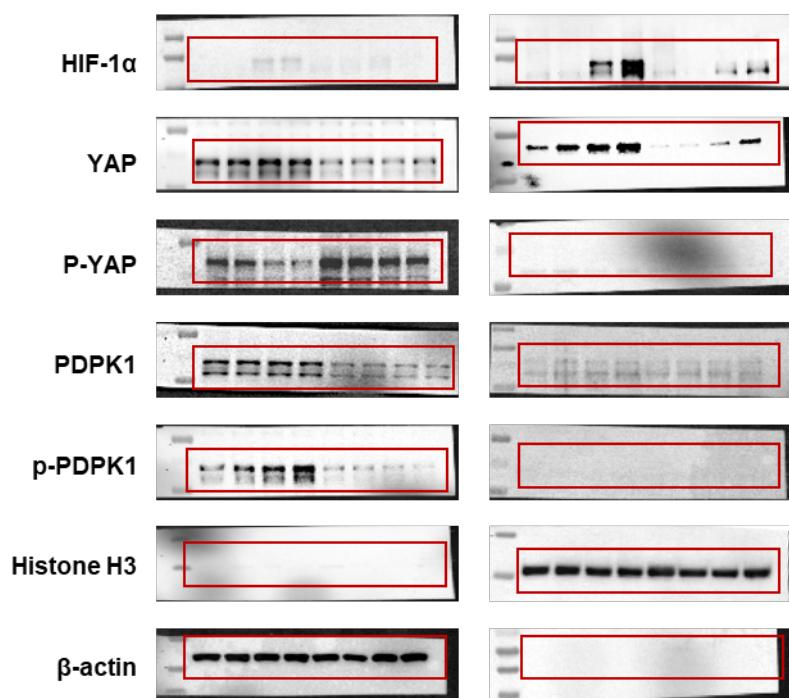
**Related to Figure 5F**



### Related to Figure 5G



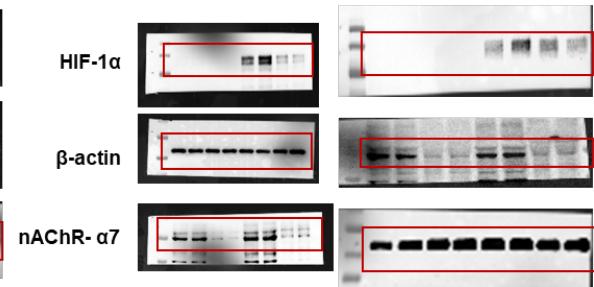
### Related to Figure 5H



**Related to Supplementary Figure S2A**



**Related to Supplementary Figure S2B**

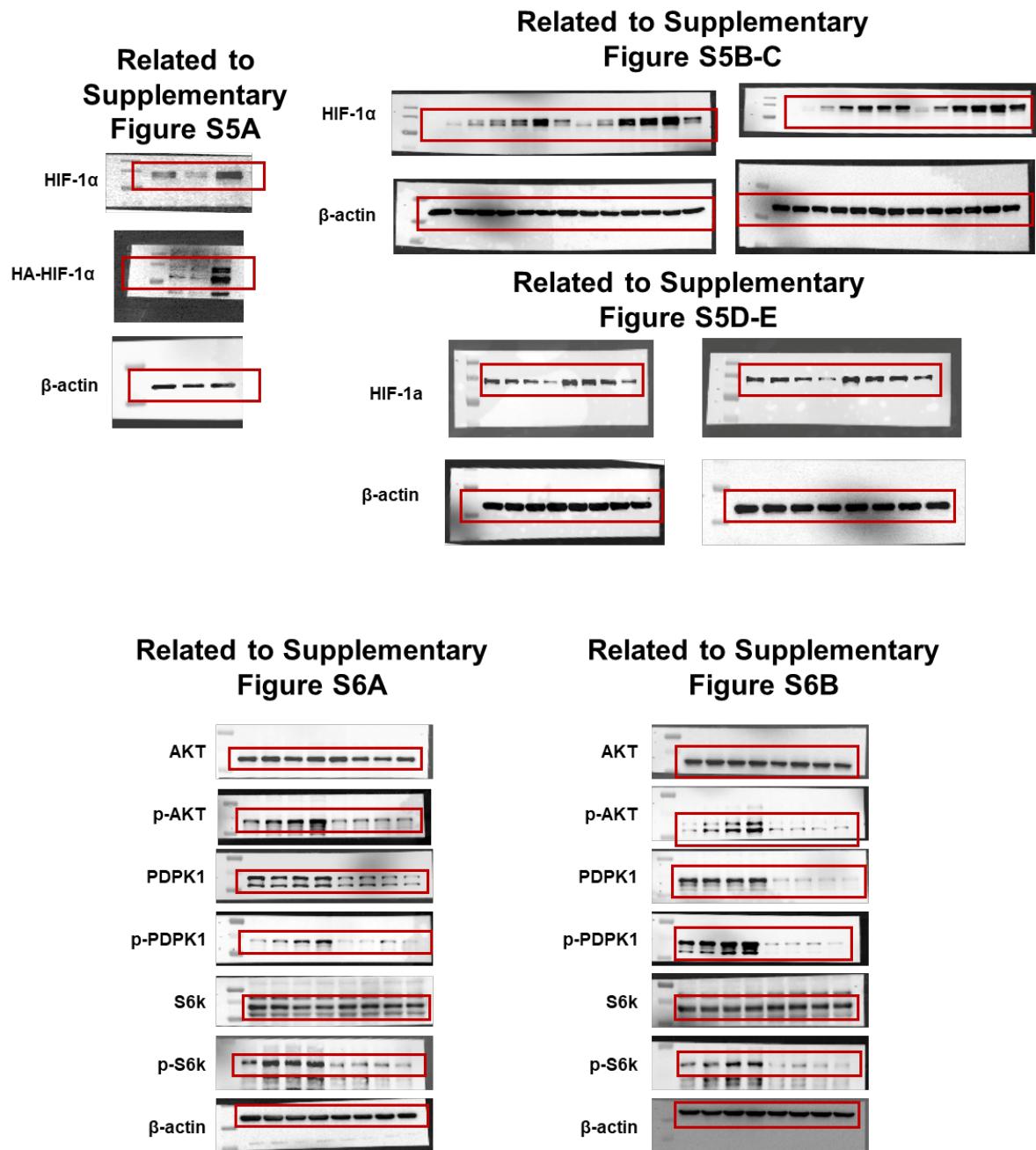


**Related to Supplementary Figure S3A-B**

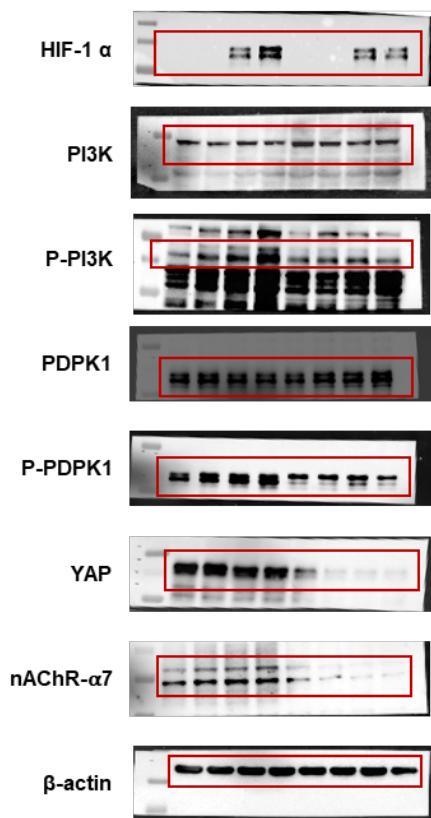


**Related to Supplementary Figure S4A-B**





Related to Supplementary  
Figure S8A



Related to Supplementary  
Figure S8B

