

Supplemental information

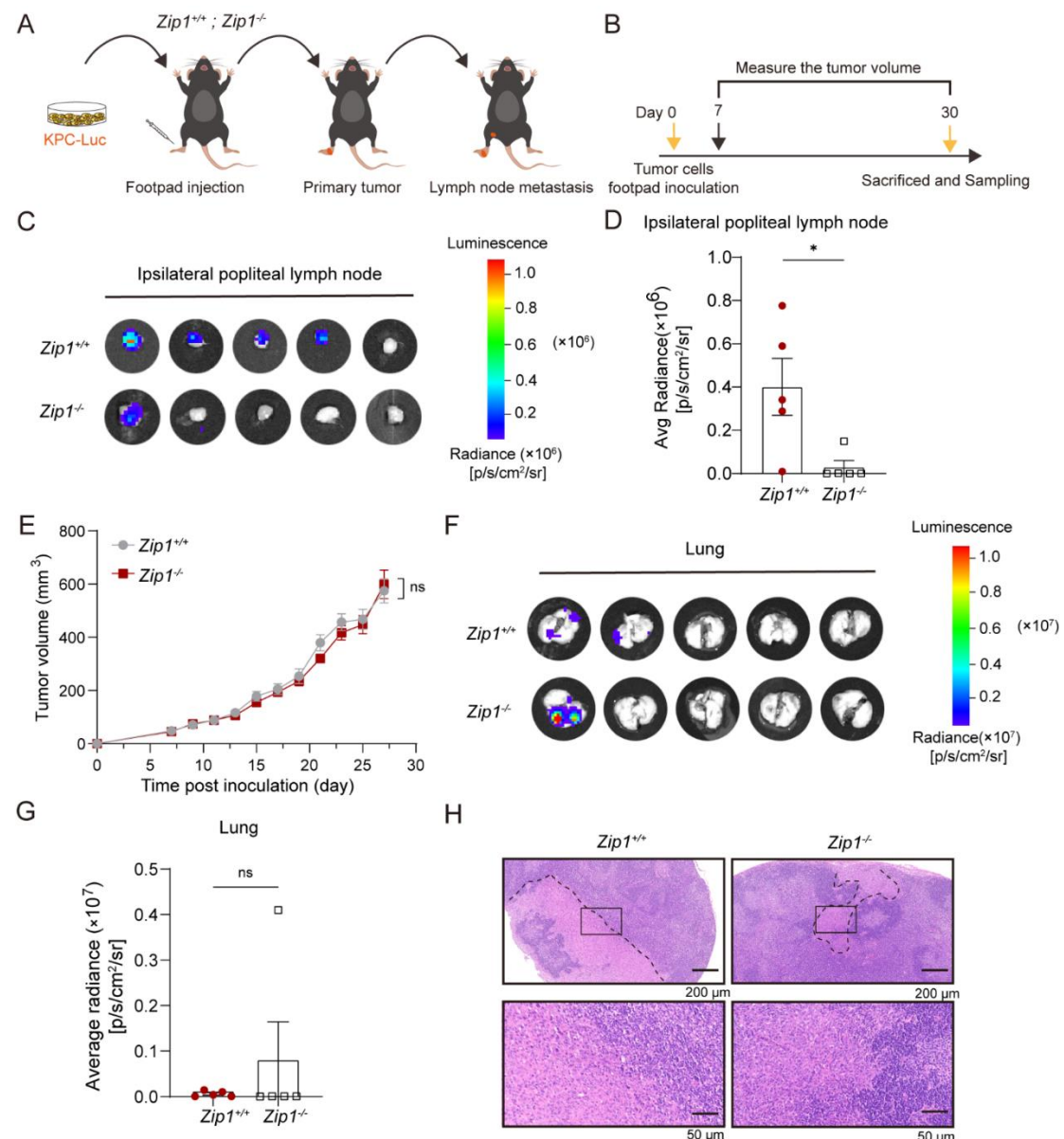


Figure S1. Host ZIP1 deficiency reduces LN metastasis of KPC-luc tumor cells. (A, B) Schematic representation of animal experiments of popliteal LN metastasis. KPC-luc cells were inoculated into the footpad of *Zip1*^{+/+} and *Zip1*^{-/-} mice. After 30 days, mice were sacrificed and tumor metastasis was examined. (C) Metastasis in the popliteal LNs ipsilateral to the footpad tumor from *Zip1*^{+/+} and *Zip1*^{-/-} mice detected by bioluminescence (n = 5 for each group). (D) Quantification of bioluminescence intensity of LN metastasis shown above. (E) Primary tumor growth of KPC-Luc cells monitored over time (n = 5 mice per group). (F) Lung metastasis *Zip1*^{+/+} and *Zip1*^{-/-} mice detected by bioluminescence. (G) Quantification of bioluminescence intensity of Lung metastasis shown above. (H) Representative HE staining of LN metastasis. Scale bar, 200 μm (up) and 50 μm (bottom). *p < 0.05. **Related to Figure 1.**

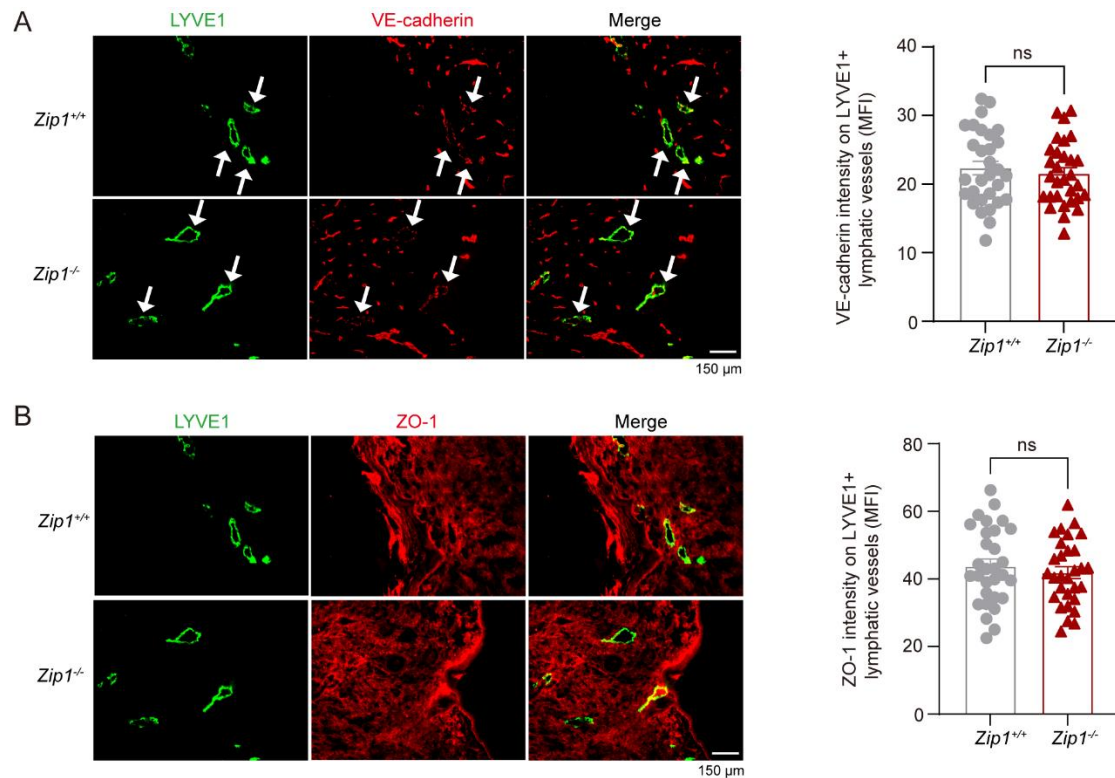


Figure S2. ZIP1 knockout does not affect the expression of VE-cadherin or ZO-1 in tumor lymphatic vessels. (A) Representative images showing LYVE1 and VE-cadherin immunostaining in Pan02-GFP-Luc tumor sections from *Zip1*^{+/+} and *Zip1*^{-/-} mice. Scale bar, 150 μ m. VE-cadherin fluorescence intensity on LYVE1⁺ lymphatics was quantified (n = 30 fields per group). (B) Representative images showing LYVE1 and ZO-1 immunostaining in Pan02-GFP-Luc tumor sections from *Zip1*^{+/+} and *Zip1*^{-/-} mice. Scale bar, 150 μ m. ZO-1 fluorescence intensity on LYVE1⁺ lymphatics was quantified (n = 30 fields per group). **Related to Figure 2.**

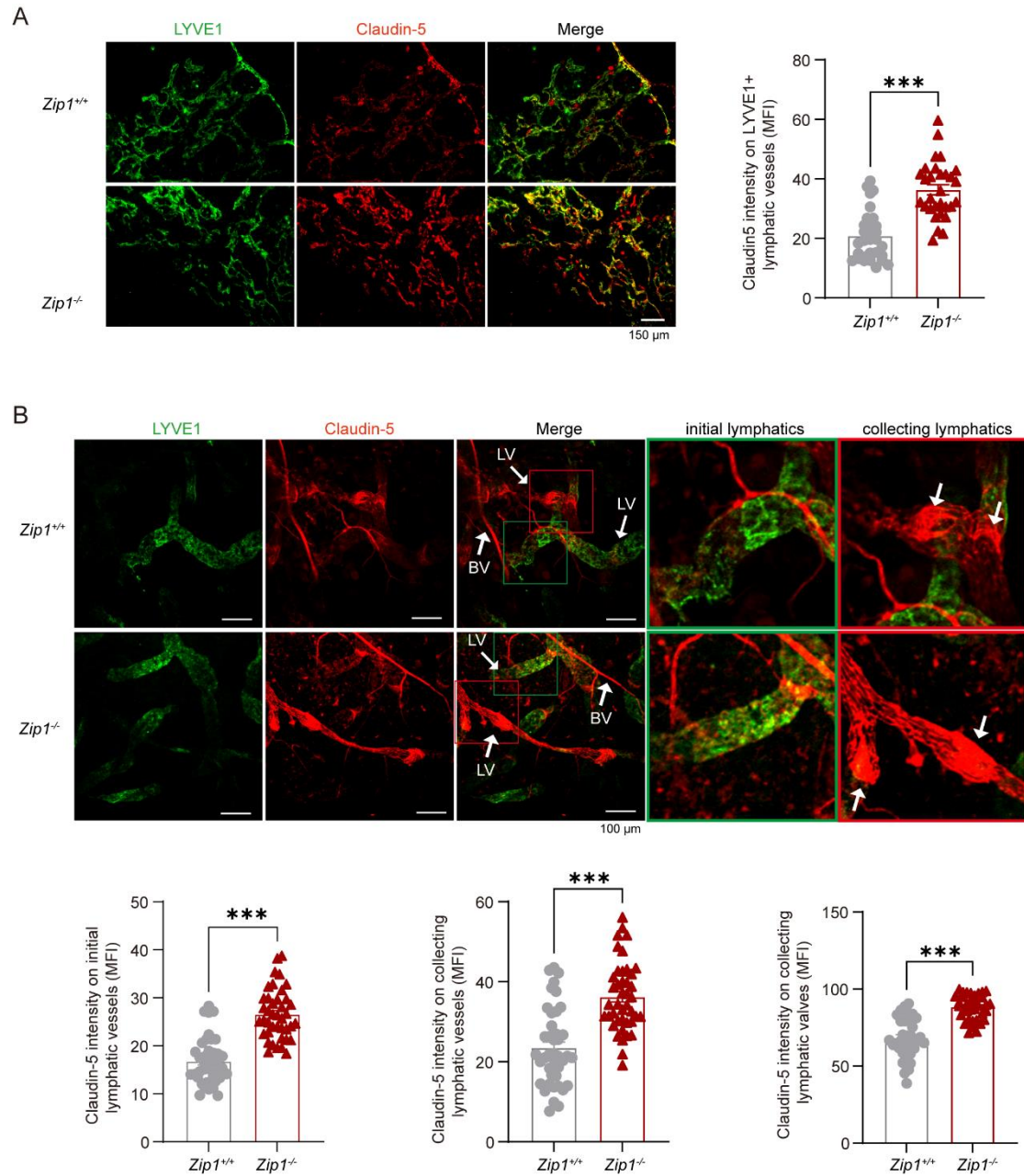


Figure S3. ZIP1 knockout significantly upregulates Claudin-5 expression in initial lymphatics, collecting vessels, and valve regions. (A) Representative images showing LYVE1 and Claudin-5 immunostaining in lymph nodes of *Zip1*^{+/+} and *Zip1*^{-/-} mice. Scale bar, 150 μm. Claudin-5 fluorescence intensity on LYVE1⁺ lymphatics was quantified (n = 30 fields per group). **(B)** Representative images showing LYVE1 and Claudin-5 immunostaining of whole-mount mouse ear tissues from *Zip1*^{+/+} and *Zip1*^{-/-} mice. Scale bar, 150 μm. Claudin-5 fluorescence intensity on initial lymphatic vessels was quantified (n = 41 vessels per group). Claudin-5 fluorescence intensity on collecting lymphatic vessels was quantified (n = 42 vessels per group). Claudin-5 fluorescence intensity on collecting lymphatic valves was quantified (n = 36 fields per group). LV, lymphatic vessel. BV, blood vessel. **Related to Figure 2.**

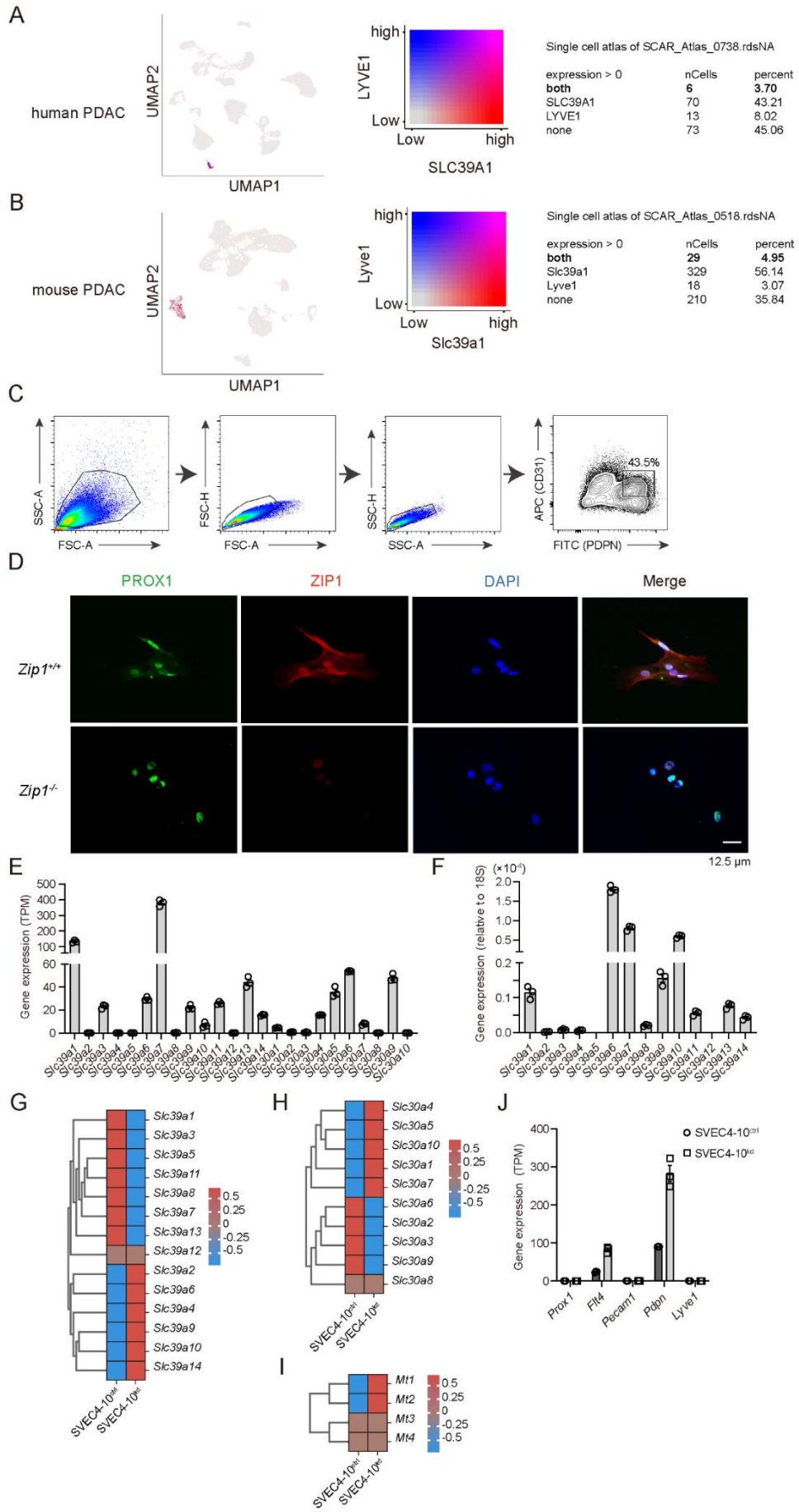


Figure S4. ZIP1 is expressed by LECs. (A) The expression of *ZIP1* (encoded by *SLC39A1*) in LEC from human PDAC analyzed with available single-cell atlas of SCAR database. Endothelial cells were selected and analyzed. (B) The expression of *Zip1* (encoded by *Slc39a1*) in LEC from spontaneous mouse PDAC analyzed with available single-cell atlas of SCAR database. Endothelial cells were selected and analyzed. (C) Primary CD31⁺PDPN⁺ LEC (mLEC) cells isolated from LNs were sorted by flow cytometry. (D) PROX1 and ZIP1 immunostaining of mLECs from *Zip1*^{+/+} and *Zip1*^{-/-} mice. Scale bar, 12.5 μ m. (E) *Zip* (*Slc39a1-14*) and *Znt* (*Slc30a1-10*) family gene expression in SVEC4-10^{ctrl} cells detected by bulk-RNAseq. (F) *Zip* (*Slc39a1-14*) family gene expression in SVEC4-10 cells detected by RT-PCR. (G) Relative expression of *Zip* (*Slc39a1-14*) family genes in SVEC4-10^{ctrl} and SVEC4-10^{kd} cells detected by bulk-RNAseq. (H) Relative expression of *Znt* (*Slc30a1-10*) family genes in SVEC4-10^{ctrl} and SVEC4-10^{kd} cells detected by bulk-RNAseq. (I) Relative expression of *Mt1-4* in SVEC4-10^{ctrl} and SVEC4-10^{kd} cells detected by bulk-RNAseq. (J) The gene expression of *Prox1*, *Flt4*, *Pecam1*, *Pdpn1* and *Lyve1* in SVEC4-10^{ctrl} and SVEC4-10^{kd} cells detected by bulk-RNAseq. **Related to Figure 3.**

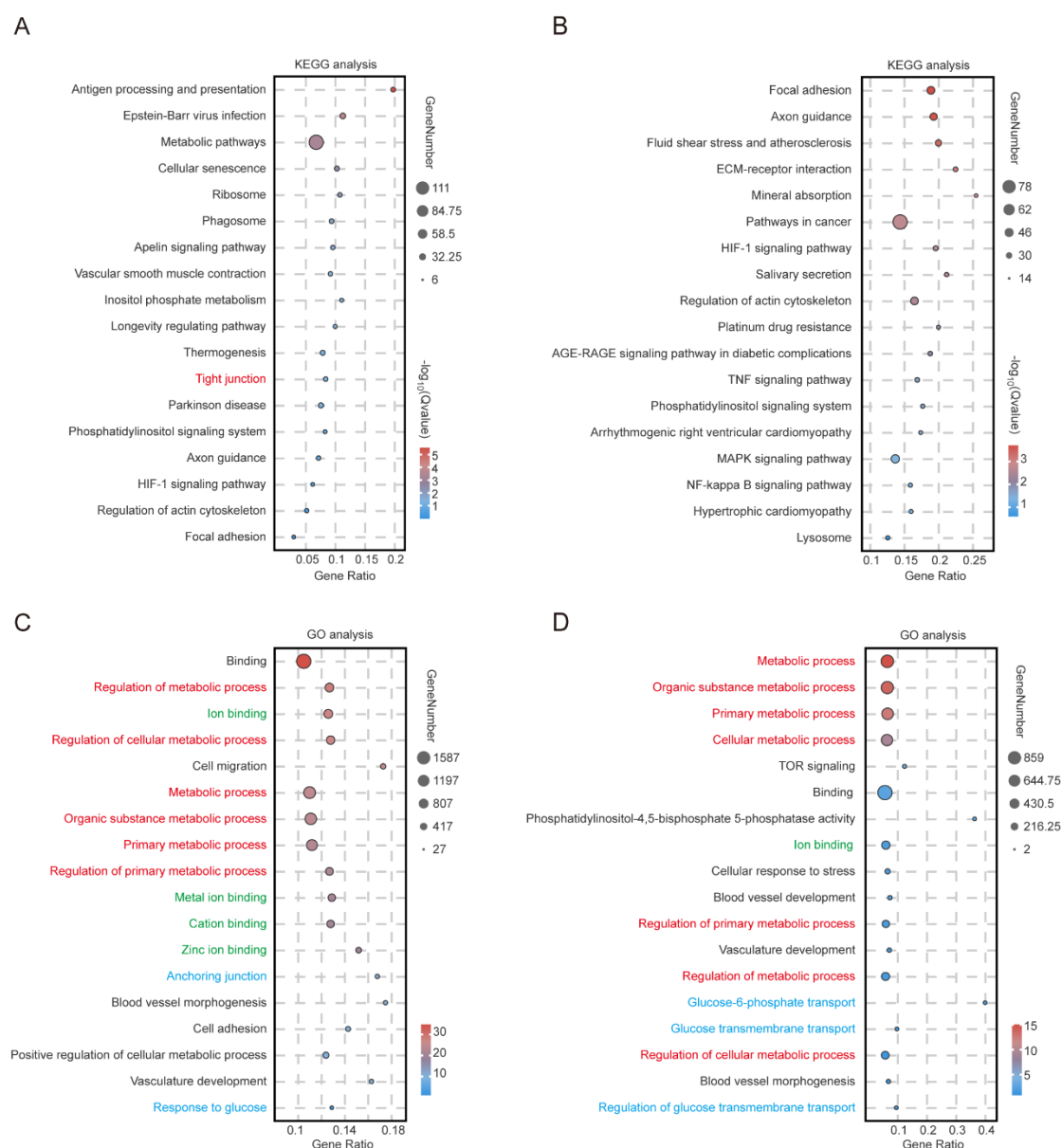


Figure S5. ZIP1 knockdown alters tight junctions and metabolic pathways in SVEC4-10 cells. (A) KEGG analysis of differential expressed genes (upregulated genes) between SVEC4-10^{ctrl} and SVEC4-10^{kd} cells showing representative enriched pathways. (B) KEGG analysis of differential expressed genes (downregulated genes) between SVEC4-10^{ctrl} and SVEC4-10^{kd} cells showing representative enriched pathways. (C) GO analysis of differential expressed genes (upregulated genes) between SVEC4-10^{ctrl} and SVEC4-10^{kd} cells showing representative enriched pathways. (D) GO analysis of differential expressed genes (downregulated genes) between SVEC4-10^{ctrl} and SVEC4-10^{kd} cells showing representative enriched pathways.

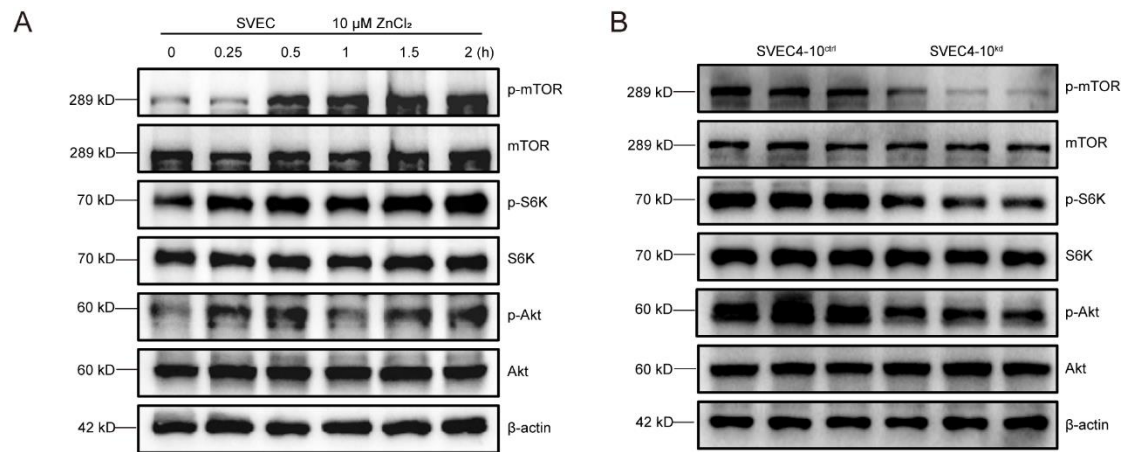


Figure S6. Zinc promotes glycolysis via activation of the Akt-mTOR-S6K signaling pathway. (A) The expression of p-mTOR, mTOR, p-S6K, S6K, p-Akt, Akt in SVEC4-10 cells stimulated with ZnCl₂ for the indicated durations. **(B)** The expression of p-mTOR, mTOR, p-S6K, S6K, p-Akt, Akt in SVEC4-10^{ctrl} and SVEC4-10^{kd} cells. **Related to Figure 4.**

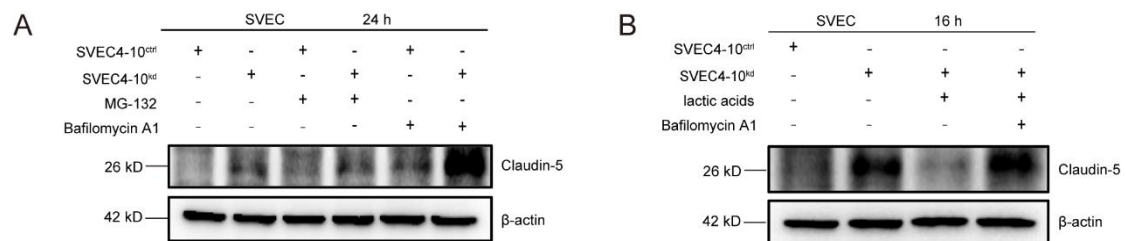


Figure S7. Claudin-5 undergoes lysosomal degradation. (A) The expression of Claudin-5 in SVEC4-10^{ctrl} and SVEC4-10^{kd} cells treated with MG-132 or Bafilomycin A1. **(B)** The expression of Claudin-5 in SVEC4-10^{ctrl} and SVEC4-10^{kd} cells treated with lactic acid or Bafilomycin A1. **Related to Figure 4.**

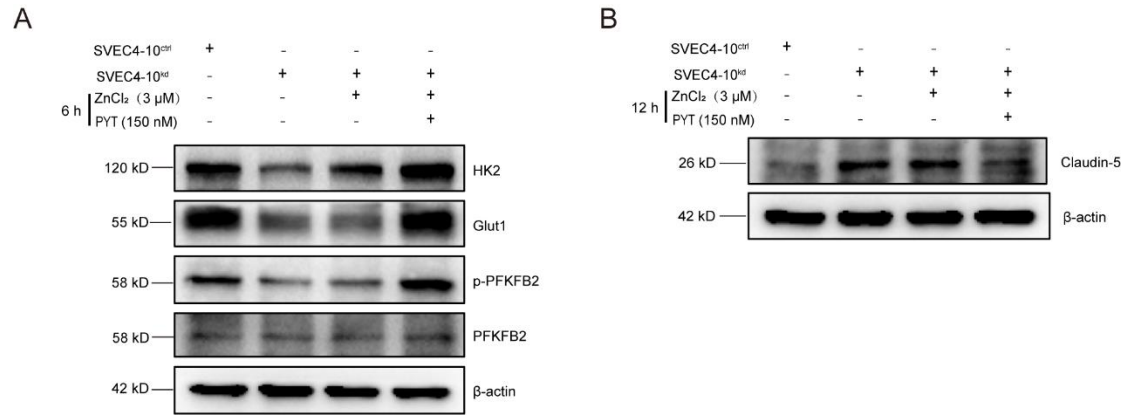


Figure S8. Zn²⁺ supplementation reverses the alterations in glycolysis and Claudin-5 expression induced by ZIP1 knockdown. (A) The expression of HK2, GLUT-1, p-PFKFB2, PFKFB2 in SVEC4-10^{ctrl} and SVEC4-10^{kd} cells treated with ZnCl₂ and PYT (a zinc ionophore) **(B)** The expression of Claudin-5 in SVEC4-10^{ctrl} and SVEC4-10^{kd} cells treated with ZnCl₂ and PYT. **Related to Figure 4.**

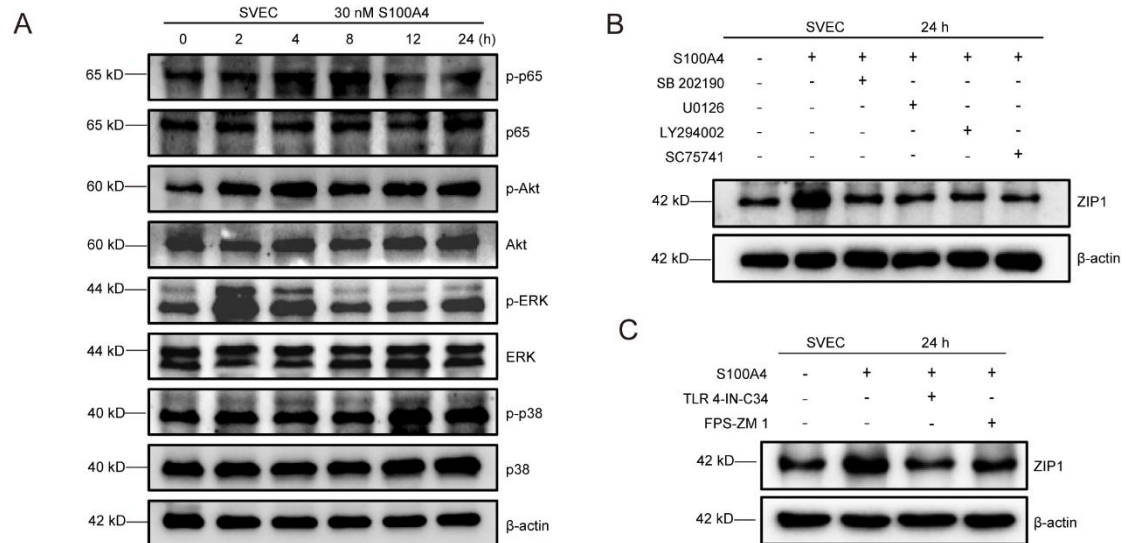


Figure S9. S100A4 upregulates ZIP1 expression via activation of the P38, ERK, P65, and AKT signaling pathways. (A) The expression of p-p65, p65, p-Akt, Akt, p-ERK, ERK, p-p38, p38 in SVEC4-10 cells stimulated with S100A4 for the indicated durations. **(B)** The expression of ZIP1 in SVEC4-10 cells treated with SB 202190 (p38 inhibitor), U0126 (ERK inhibitor), LY294002 (AKT inhibitor), or SC75741 (p65 inhibitor). **(C)** The expression of ZIP1 in SVEC4-10 cells treated with FPS-ZM1 (RAGE inhibitor) or TLR4-IN-C34 (TLR4 inhibitor). **Related to Figure 5.**

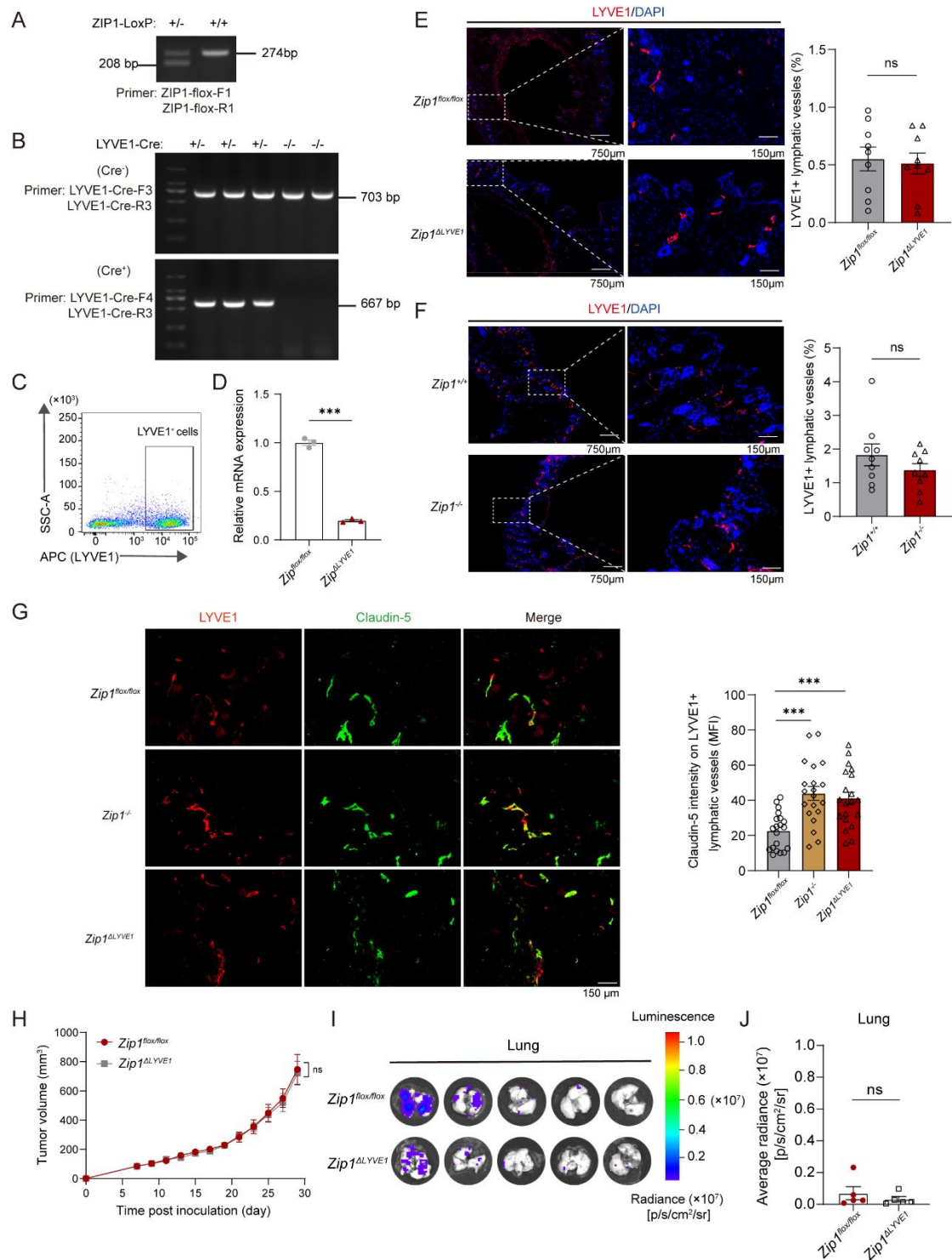


Figure S10. The expression of Claudin-5 is enhanced in lymphatic vessels from *Zip1*^{ΔLyve1} mice. (A) Genotyping of ZIP1-LoxP alleles with genomic DNA extracted from mouse tails. A pair of primers was used to detect the wild-type allele (208 bp) and the ZIP1-LoxP allele (274 bp) as indicated. (B) Genotyping of LYVE1-Cre alleles with genomic DNA extracted from mouse tails. Two pairs of primers were used for amplification of the wild-type allele (703 bp) and LYVE1-Cre allele (667 bp) as indicated. (C) Flow cytometry sorting of LYVE1⁺ cells from lymph nodes. (D) The mRNA expression of *Zip1* in LYVE1⁺ cells from *Zip1*^{flox/flox} and *Zip1*^{ΔLyve1} mice. (E)

Representative images showing LYVE1⁺ lymphatic vessels in the mouse skin from *Zip1^{fllox/fllox}* and *Zip1^{ΔLyve1}* mice. Scale bar, 750 μm (left), 150 μm (right). LYVE1⁺ vessel density was quantified (n = 9 fields per group). **(F)** Representative images showing LYVE1⁺ lymphatic vessels in the mouse skin from *Zip1^{+/+}* and *Zip1^{-/-}* mice. Scale bar, 750 μm (left), 150 μm (right). LYVE1⁺ vessel density was quantified (n = 9 fields per group). **(G)** Representative images showing LYVE1 and Claudin-5 immunostaining in the mouse skin from *Zip1^{fllox/fllox}*, *Zip1^{-/-}* and *Zip1^{ΔLyve1}* mice. Scale bar, 150 μm. Claudin-5 fluorescence intensity on LYVE1⁺ lymphatics was quantified (n = 20 vessels per group). **(H)** Primary tumor growth of Pan02-GFP-Luc cells in *Zip1^{fllox/fllox}* and *Zip1^{ΔLyve1}* mice (n = 5 mice per group). **(I)** Lung metastasis *Zip1^{fllox/fllox}* and *Zip1^{ΔLyve1}* mice detected by bioluminescence. **(J)** Quantification of bioluminescence intensity of lung metastasis shown above. ****p* < 0.001. **Related to Figure 6.**

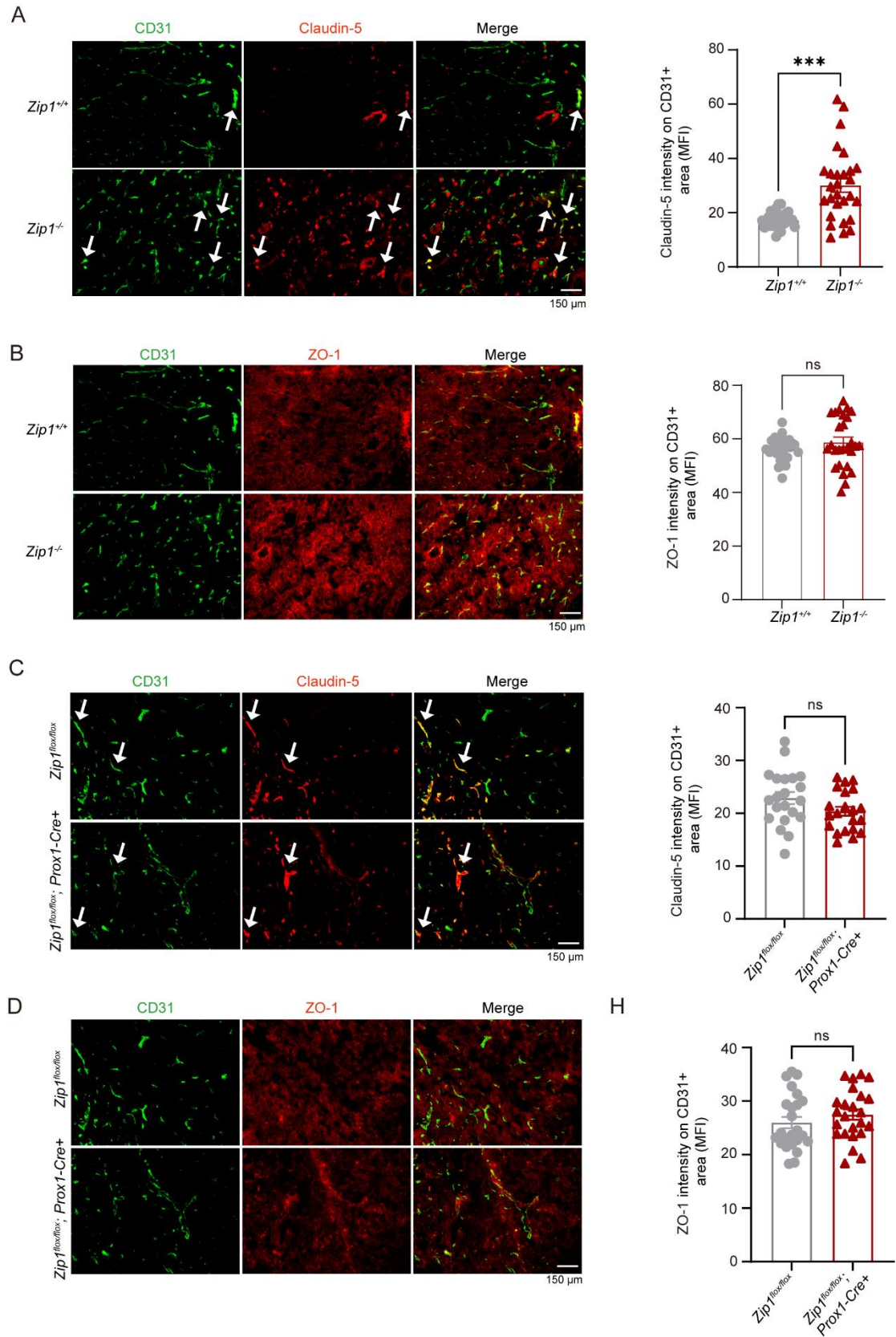


Figure S11. ZIP1 knockout upregulates Claudin-5 expression in mouse tumor vascular endothelium. (A) Representative images showing CD31 and Claudin-5 immunostaining in Pan02-GFP-Luc tumor sections from *Zip1*^{+/+} and *Zip1*^{-/-} mice.

Scale bar, 150 μm . Claudin-5 fluorescence intensity was quantified in CD31⁺ areas (n = 21 fields per group). **(B)** Representative images showing CD31 and ZO-1 immunostaining in Pan02-GFP-Luc tumor sections from *Zip1*^{+/+} and *Zip1*^{-/-} mice. Scale bar, 150 μm . ZO-1 fluorescence intensity was quantified in CD31⁺ areas (n = 21 fields per group). **(C)** Representative images showing CD31 and Claudin-5 immunostaining in Pan02-GFP-Luc tumor sections from *Zip1*^{flox/flox} and *Zip1*^{flox/flox}; *Prox1-Cre*⁺ mice Scale bar, 150 μm . Claudin-5 fluorescence intensity was quantified in CD31⁺ areas (n = 21 fields per group). **(D)** Representative images showing CD31 and ZO-1 immunostaining in Pan02-GFP-Luc tumor sections from *Zip1*^{flox/flox} and *Zip1*^{flox/flox}; *Prox1-Cre*⁺ mice Scale bar, 150 μm . ZO-1 fluorescence intensity was quantified in CD31⁺ areas (n = 21 fields per group). **Related to Figure 6.**

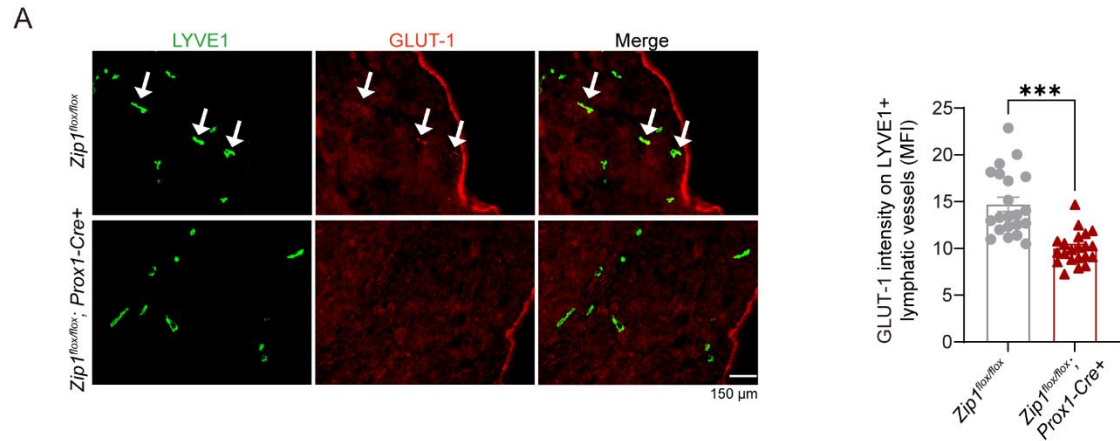


Figure S12. ZIP1 knockdown reduces GLUT-1 expression in tumor lymphatic vessels. (A) Representative images showing LYVE1 and GLUT-1 immunostaining in Pan02-GFP-Luc tumor sections from *Zip1^{lox/lox}* and *Zip1^{lox/lox}; Prox1-Cre⁺* mice. Scale bar, 150 μ m. GLUT-1 fluorescence intensity on LYVE1⁺ lymphatics was quantified (n = 21 fields per group). **Related to Figure 6.**

Table S1. The association of LEC with clinical parameters.

		LEC^{Low}	LEC^{High}	P
<i>Gender</i>	F	29	4	0.1760
	M	41	14	
<i>Age</i>	≤ 60	33	9	>0.9999
	>60	37	9	
<i>T</i>	1/2	46	7	0.0576
	3/4	24	11	
<i>N</i>	N	43	6	*0.0376
	Y	27	12	
<i>M</i>	0	59	14	0.4975
	1	11	4	
<i>TNM</i>	1/2	48	11	0.5814
	3/4	22	7	
<i>Death</i>	N	37	4	*0.0324
	Y	33	14	
<i>Relapse</i>	N	44	10	0.5963
	Y	26	8	

LEC, lymphatic endothelial cell. M, male. F, female. N, no. Y, yes. * $P < 0.05$, Fisher's exact test. Related to Figure 7.

Table S2. The association of ZIP1⁺ LEC with clinical parameters.

		<i>ZIP1⁺ LEC^{Low}</i>	<i>ZIP1⁺ LEC^{High}</i>	<i>P</i>
<i>Gender</i>	F	29	4	0.1557
	M	43	12	
<i>Age</i>	≤60	34	8	>0.9999
	>60	38	8	
<i>T</i>	1/2	48	5	*0.0118
	3/4	24	11	
<i>N</i>	N	44	5	*0.0494
	Y	28	11	
<i>M</i>	0	61	12	0.4607
	1	11	4	
<i>TNM</i>	1/2	50	9	0.3806
	3/4	22	7	
<i>Death</i>	N	37	4	0.0945
	Y	35	12	
<i>Relapse</i>	N	47	7	0.1557
	Y	25	9	

LEC, lymphatic endothelial cell. M, male. F, female. N, no. Y, yes. *P < 0.05, Fisher's exact test. Related to Figure 7.

Table S3. List of primer sequences. Related to Methods.

Primer name	Forward primer (5'–3')	Reverse primer (5'–3')
<i>Zip1</i>	TGCATGTGACGGTAAGCATT G	CGCCCAGGTTATAGCTCTGTTT T
<i>S100a4</i>	AGCTCAAGGAGCTACTGACC AG	GCTGTCCAAGTTGCTCATCAC C
<i>Csf2</i>	AACCTCCTGGATGACATGCC TG	AAATTGCCCCGTAGACCCTGC T
<i>Il6</i>	TAGTCCTTCCTACCCCAATTT CC	TTGGTCCTTAGCCACTCCTTC
<i>Tnf</i>	GGTGCCTATGTCTCAGCCTC TT	GCCATAGAACTGATGAGAGGG AG
<i>Vegfc</i>	CCTGAATCCTGGGAAATGTG CC	CGATTGCGCACACGGTCTTCTGT
<i>Claudin</i> <i>-5</i>	TGACTGCCTTCCTGGACCAC AA	CATACACCTTGCACTGCATGT GC
<i>Tgfb1</i>	TGATACGCCTGAGTGGCTGT CT	CACAAGAGCAGTGAGCGCTGA A
<i>18s</i>	ACCGCAGCTAGGAATAATGG A	CAAATGCTTTCGCTCTGGTC